



U.S. Department
of Transportation
**Federal Aviation
Administration**

THESE RECORDS MAY BE RELEASABLE UNDER THE FOIA REQUEST 15
DAYS AFTER SIGNATURE DATE UNLESS WE HEAR OTHERWISE FROM
FAA NTSB COUNSEL

Mike Monroney
Aeronautical Center

P O Box 25082
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73125

Monday, June 27, 2016

National Transportation Safety Board
505 South 336th Street, Suite 540
Federal Way, WA 98003

ACCIDENT # 0100 INDIVIDUAL#: 001 NAME: Faunce, Gregory R. MODE: AVIATION
DATE OF ACCIDENT 06/06/2016 DATE RECEIVED 06/09/2016 PUTREFACTION: No
N # 4191X NTSB # WPR16FA120 CAMI REF # 201600100001
LOCATION OF ACCIDENT De Smet, ID
SPECIMENS Bile, Blood (Cavity), Brain, Gastric, Heart, Kidney, Liver, Lung, Muscle, Spinal Fluid, Spleen, Vitreous

FINAL FORENSIC TOXICOLOGY FATAL ACCIDENT REPORT

CARBON MONOXIDE: The carboxyhemoglobin (COHb) saturation is determined by spectrophotometry with a 10% cut off and confirmed by chromatography.

>> NO CARBON MONOXIDE detected in Blood (Cavity)

CYANIDE: The presence of cyanide is screened by Conway Diffusion, when the COHb level is equal to or greater than 10% or upon special request. Cyanides are quantitated by spectrophotometry and confirmed by chromatography. The reporting cutoff for cyanide is 0.25 ug/mL. Normal blood cyanide concentrations are less than 0.15 ug/mL, while lethal concentrations are greater than 3 ug/mL.

>> NOT PERFORMED

VOLATILES: The volatile concentrations are determined by headspace gas chromatography at a cut off of 10 mg/dL. Where possible, positive ethanol values are confirmed by Radiative Energy Attenuation.

>> NO ETHANOL detected in Vitreous

DRUGS: Specimens are analyzed using immunoassay, chromatography, GC/MS, HPLC/MS, or GC/FTIR. Concentrations (ug/mL) at or above those in () can be determined for, but not limited to, the following drugs: amphetamines (0.010), opiates (0.010), marihuana (0.001), cocaine (0.020), phencyclidine (0.002), benzodiazepines (0.030), barbiturates (0.060), antidepressants (0.100), and antihistamines (0.020). Drugs and/or their metabolites, that are not impairing or abused, may be reported from the initial tests. See the CAMI Drug Information Web Site for additional information (<http://jag.cami.jccbi.gov/toxicology/>).

>> Ibuprofen detected in Blood (Cavity)

Russell Lewis, Ph.D.
TC, FAA, Forensic Toxicology
Research Team CAMI

c=US, o=U.S. Government, ou=AMC, ou=AMC, cn=RUSSELL
J LEWIS
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