



U.S. Department
of Transportation
**Federal Aviation
Administration**

THESE RECORDS MAY BE RELEASABLE UNDER THE FOIA REQUEST 15
DAYS AFTER SIGNATURE DATE UNLESS WE HEAR OTHERWISE FROM
FAA NTSB COUNSEL

Mike Monroney
Aeronautical Center

P.O. Box 25082
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73125

Tuesday, July 12, 2016

National Transportation Safety Board
45065 Riverside Parkway
Ashburn, VA 20147

ACCIDENT # 0109 INDIVIDUAL#: 001 NAME: Pilot [REDACTED] MODE: AVIATION
DATE OF ACCIDENT 06/10/2016 DATE RECEIVED 06/16/2016 PUTREFACTION: Yes
N # 2283M NTSB # ERA16LA209 CAMI REF # 201600109001
LOCATION OF ACCIDENT Brunswick, NC
SPECIMENS Bile, Blood (Cavity), Brain, Gastric, Heart, Kidney, Liver, Lung, Muscle, Spleen, Urine

FINAL FORENSIC TOXICOLOGY FATAL ACCIDENT REPORT

CARBON MONOXIDE: The carboxyhemoglobin (COHb) saturation is determined by spectrophotometry with a 10% cut off and confirmed by chromatography.

>> NO CARBON MONOXIDE detected in Blood (Cavity)

CYANIDE: The presence of cyanide is screened by Conway Diffusion, when the COHb level is equal to or greater than 10% or upon special request. Cyanides are quantitated by spectrophotometry and confirmed by chromatography. The reporting cutoff for cyanide is 0.25 ug/mL. Normal blood cyanide concentrations are less than 0.15 ug/mL, while lethal concentrations are greater than 3 ug/mL.

>> NOT PERFORMED

VOLATILES: The volatile concentrations are determined by headspace gas chromatography at a cut off of 10 mg/dL. Where possible, positive ethanol values are confirmed by Radiative Energy Attenuation.

>> NO ETHANOL detected in Urine

DRUGS: Specimens are analyzed using immunoassay, chromatography, GC/MS, HPLC/MS, or GC/FTIR. Concentrations (ug/mL) at or above those in () can be determined for, but not limited to, the following drugs: amphetamines (0.010), opiates (0.010), marijuana (0.001), cocaine (0.020), phencyclidine (0.002), benzodiazepines (0.030), barbiturates (0.060), antidepressants (0.100), and antihistamines (0.020). Drugs and/or their metabolites, that are not impairing or abused, may be reported from the initial tests. See the CAMI Drug Information Web Site for additional information (<http://jag.cami.jccbi.gov/toxicology/>).

>> Ranitidine detected in Urine



Russell Lewis, Ph.D.
TC, FAA, Forensic Toxicology
Research Team CAMI

c=US, o=U.S. Government, ou=AMC, ou=AMC,
cn=RUSSELL J LEWIS
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